

NDCEE

National Defense Center for Energy and Environment

Demonstration of a Lead-free Surveillance Program for RoHS Leadfree Risks

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Background

- Following the European Union's Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Directive, many industry suppliers are eliminating lead (Pb) in solder, electronic components, and circuit board finishes.
- There are no requirements for electronic component manufacturers to change their labeling to differentiate between traditionally processed devices and those processed using Pb-free technologies.
- Pb-free electronics (solder, component finishes, printed wiring boards [PWBs], etc.) bring new failure modes in electronics
 - Pb-free has caused short-circuiting and electronic failures from the formation of tin whiskers



Background (continued)

- Many military specifications (Mil-Specs) require that coatings for electronic components contain at least 3% Pb and be at least 200 µin-inch thick for tin-lead plate.
- Currently, the DoD is unable to measure and verify the Pb content of incoming electronic components on a large scale or determine the prevalence of unauthorized Pbfree components in the acquisition supply chain.
- Given the RoHS directive, there is concern that Pb-free components will be integrated into critical DoD weapon systems on an increasing basis.



Background (Continued)

Dangerous Fakes (BusinessWeek Oct. 2, 2008)

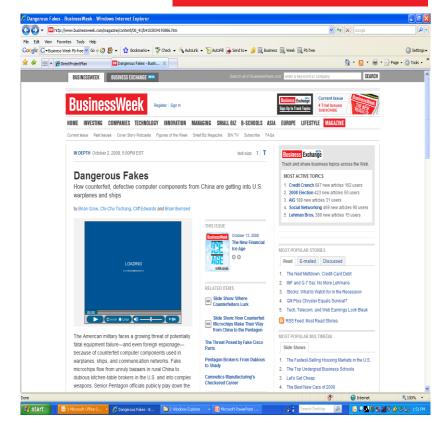
How counterfeit, defective computer components from China are getting into U.S. warplanes and ships

by Brian Grow, Chi-Chu Tschang, Cliff Edwards and Brian Burnsed

"...officials at the Defense Supply Center in Columbus, Ohio—a major Pentagon electronic-parts buyer—said they don't inspect brokers or conduct background checks..."

"...Suppose that a part like that makes it onto a flight-critical piece of hardware or mission-essential piece of hardware. The[re] is a very good chance that the part may work...but what happens at 40[,000] ft and -50 degrees? Hardware failure. Not good." ...

BusinessWeek



Approach

- The objective of the NDCEE Pb-free efforts is to help the DoD face potential failure modes in mission critical electronics including high reliability systems.
- The NDCEE, under the technical direction of the Aviation and Missile Command (AMCOM) G-4, is working to address the Pb-free issue:
 - A demonstration/validation (dem/val) at Tobyhanna Army Depot (TYAD) to evaluate of X-Ray Fluorescence (XRF) technology – completed June 30, 2008.
 - The development of a database, the Lead-Free Surveillance and Analysis System (LSAS), to provide access to reliable information on Pb-free data to the DoD, subcontractors, and OEMs.
 - A dem/val of XRF technology within Fort Rucker programs.
 - The development of a Pb-free Training Program to be hosted on the Defense Acquisition University (DAU) website.

Purpose and Accomplishments

Purpose:

- Evaluate the performance of XRF technology in analyzing Pb content of electronics in a realistic and active Army depot environment
- Evaluate the XRF accuracy and reliability in a production environment
- Determine practical value of placing similar XRF units in other DoD installations

XRF dem/val at TYAD:

 Evaluated the XRF technology in a production setting and determined that XRF can effectively assist military installations in identifying the content of solder joints and component finishes

LSAS:

 Created a central repository of information for Pb-free solder and electronic components in the military supply chain

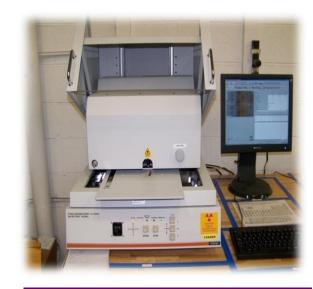


Photo of XRF unit in place at TYAD

Accomplishments

- As part of the down-select process, the stakeholder team created a list of performance requirements and design specifications, including:
 - Collimator size
 - Detection range to include relevant atomic weights
 - Stage movement
 - Layer discrimination and element composition simultaneously.
- The team contacted vendors and reviewed various units inducing the Fischer Technology, Inc. Fischerscope XDAL XRF spectrometer, which was selected as the XRF unit that best met the identified specifications.

XRF Dem/Val Details

- Three XRF units were evaluated in the following locations at TYAD:
 - Central Receiving for screening incoming electronic parts
 - Q36/37 Firefinder Components area for screening new and inventoried parts
 - C3/Avionics Flight Control Branch for screening new and inventoried parts.
- A 90-day dem/val was completed June 30, 2008.
- TYAD staff scanned new (from receiving) and old (from inventory) electronic components and collected data from XRF analysis.
- The project team evaluated performance using a set of criteria established in the planning stages of the dem/val.

XRF Dem/Val Details (continued)

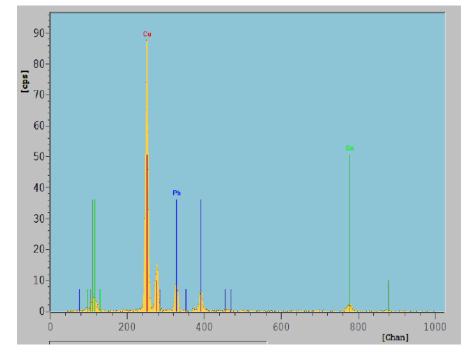
- Data and findings from the TYAD XRF dem/val project have been shared with the DoD community.
 - Potential Pb-free prevalence in the military supply chain (findings from XRF data show ~30% Pb-free)
 - Component finish thicknesses do not meet Mil Specs

XRF Findings

- Estimated instrument uncertainty is ± 10% for each reading
 - Factor of certified standards, equipment calibration, and measurement errors
 - Experts cannot quantify an acceptable error level
- XRF technology is useful as a tolerance screening tool
 - Dem/val method configured to screen for 4% Pb level
 - Allowed for quick inventory screening
 - Most electronic component finishes contained either no Pb or Pb levels much higher than 3%
 - Mil Spec compliance was easy to identify, regardless of actual instrument uncertainty

XRF Findings (continued)

- Operation of XRF units required some knowledge of components and understanding of the technology
 - Set-up parameters/configuration
 - Misidentification of unknown materials
 - When in doubt, look at spectrum and identify peaks



XRF Dem/Val Summary and Path Forward

- Technology transfer at TYAD is complete. TYAD is retaining two Fischerscope XDAL XRF units and purchasing others.
- TYAD is the first Army Depot to take action against the integration of Pb-free components in the military supply chain.
- Now that the Pb-free problem has been identified, TYAD needs to develop a Pb-free control plan to mitigate it.
- Other DoD facilities could benefit from the analytical capabilities of XRF technology.
- NDCEE is working with Fort Rucker, AL to dem/val and transition XRF technology there.

LSAS Details

- LSAS can be accessed by multiple users for different purposes, including:
 - Data Input: Users can enter or edit data about parts, ranging from manufacturer details to scanned composition to part failure analysis.
 - Data Review: Users can search and view existing data.
 - Data Reports: Users can create and save reports or export search results.
- LSAS users have access to data provided by the Federal Logistics Information System (FLIS).

LSAS Details

- FLIS is a free service provided to the DoD.
 - Information provided by FLIS includes a look-up feature that ensures a high level of data accuracy by allowing for automated form completion.
- LSAS contains part data generated from scanning electronic components using XRF technology.
- Data collected from the XRF dem/val at Tobyhanna Army Depot populated the LSAS.

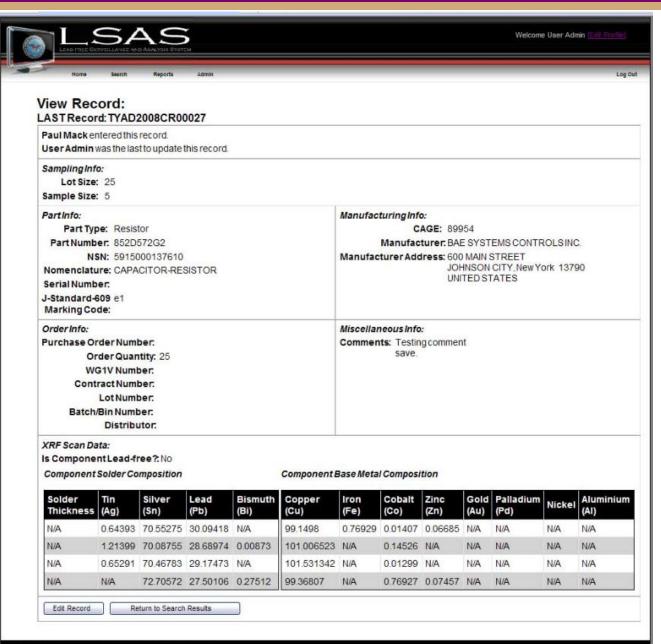
LSAS Details

- Data contained within the LSAS includes:
 - Part Number
 - National Stock Number (NSN)
 - CAGE Code
 - Solder/Finish Content (if available, determined from XRF unit or similar output)
 - Date Scanned (if available, determined from XRF unit or similar output)
 - Nomenclature
 - Distributor
 - Manufacturer
 - Contract Number.

LSAS Search Page

Home Search Re	ports Admin			
Basic Search [Ad	vanced Search]			
Part Number:		Component Type:	All Component Types	
NSN:				
				Searc
Include in Search	Results			
Part Number	☐ Solder Content	□ J Standard 609	☐ Base Metal Content	
☐ Metal Content	✓ Part Type	□ Order Quantity	☐ Manufacturer	
☐ Area Scanned	☐ Contract Number	☑ CAGE Code	☐ Date Scanned	
☐ Batch/Bin Number	✓ NSN	✓ Nomenclature	☐ Lot Number	
☐ Serial Number	☐ Component Lead Content	☐ Distributor	☐ Meets PB Specifications	

Output from One Record in LSAS



LSAS Path Forward

- AMCOM G4 is overseeing the final transition of LSAS.
 This database will assist the PEOS and subordinate PMs that are all part of the LCMC.
- The LSAS is hosted internally for an interim period.
 Technology transfer of the LSAS is expected to occur in 2009.

Pb-free Training

- The Defense Microelectronics Activity (DMEA) is supporting the development of Pb-free Training and its transition to the Defense Acquisition University (DAU) website.
- This training will assist individuals in building their knowledge base in a number of areas related to Pb-free:
 - Lead-free Transition Drivers and Impacts
 - Lead-free Failure Modes (Tin Whisker Characteristics)
 - DoD's Pb-free Strategy
 - Government Electronics and Information Technology Association (GEIA)
 Pb-free Standards and Handbooks.
- The training will be transitioned and hosted on the DAU website and ultimately be expanded to include additional training modules.

Project Stakeholders

- Aviation and Missile Command (AMCOM) G-4
- Defense Microelectronics Activity (DMEA)
- National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA)
- Naval Air Systems Command (NAVAIR)
- Fort Rucker, AL
- Letterkenny Army Depot, PA
- Office of the Assistant Secretary of the Army, Acquisition, Logistics, and Technology (ASA(ALT))
- Tobyhanna Army Depot, PA
- U.S. Army Aviation & Missile Research Development and Engineering Command (AMRDEC)
- U.S. Army Communications-Electronics Command (CECOM) Life
 Cycle Management Command (LCMC)
- U.S. Army Communications-Electronics Research & Development Engineering Center (CERDEC)

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